to maintain and continue a nonconforming junkyard as provided in §751.11 must pertain at the time of the taking or removal in order to establish a right to just compensation.

### §751.17 Federal participation.

- (a) Federal funds may participate in 75 percent of the costs of control measures incurred in carrying out the provisions of this part including necessary studies for particular projects, and the employment of fee landscape architects and other qualified consultants.
- (b) Where State control standards are more stringent than Federal control requirements along Interstate and primary highways, the FHWA may approve Federal participation in the costs of applying the State standards on a statewide basis. Where State standards require control of junkyards in zoned or unzoned industrial areas, Federal funds may participate only if such action will make an effective contribution to the character of the area as a whole and the cost is reasonable. but such projects should be deferred until the work in the areas where control is required has progressed well toward completion.
- (c) Generally, only costs associated with the acquisition of minimal real property interests, such as easements or temporary rights of entry, necessary to accomplish the purposes of this part are eligible for Federal participation. The State may request, on a case-by-case basis, participation in costs of other interests beyond the minimum necessary, including fee title.
- (d) Federal funds may participate in costs to correct the inadequacies of screening in prior control projects where the inadequacy is due to higher screening standards established in this part or due to changed conditions.
- (e) Federal funds may participate in the costs of moving junk or scrap to a recycling place of business, or in the case of junk with little or no recycling potential, to a site for permanent disposal. In the latter case, reasonable land rehabilitation costs or fees connected with the use of such a disposal site are also eligible. In a case where the acquisition of a permanent disposal site by the State would be the most economical method of disposal, Federal

funds may participate in the net cost (cost of acquisition less a credit after disposal) of a site obtained for this purpose.

- (f) Federal funds may participate in control measure costs involved in any junkyard lawfully established or maintained under State law which is reclassified from conforming to nonconforming under revised State regulations and policy pursuant to this part.
- (g) Federal funds may participate in the costs of acquisition of a dwelling in exceptional cases where such acquisition is found necessary and in the public interest, and where acquisition of the dwelling can be accomplished without resort to eminent domain.
- (h) Federal funds shall not participate in:
- (1) Costs associated with the control of illegal junkyards except for removal by State personnel on a force account basis or by contract, or in costs of controlling junkyards established after the effective date of the State's compliance law except where a conforming junkyard later becomes nonconforming due to changed conditions;
- (2) Any costs associated with the acquisition of any dwelling or its related buildings if acquired through eminent domain in connection with the junk-yard control program;
- (3) Costs of acquisition of interests or rights as a measure for prohibition or control of the establishment of future junkvards:
- (4) Costs of maintaining screening devices after they have been erected; or
- (5) Costs of screening junk which has been or will be removed as a part of a junkyard control project.

# §751.19 Documentation for Federal participation.

The following information concerning each eligible junkyard must be available in the States' files to be eligible for Federal participation in the costs thereof:

- (a) Satisfactory evidence of ownership of the junk or junkyard or both.
- (b) Value or cost documentation (including separate interests if applicable) including proof of obligation or payment of funds.
- (c) Evidence that the necessary property interests have passed to the State

### § 751.21

and that the junk has been screened, relocated, removed or disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this part.

(d) If a dwelling has been acquired by condemnation, evidence that the costs involved are not included in the State's claim for participation.

[40 FR 8551, Feb. 28, 1975; 40 FR 12260, Mar. 18, 1975]

#### § 751.21 Relocation assistance.

Relocation assistance benefits pursuant to 49 CFR part 24 are available for:

- (a) The actual reasonable moving expenses of the junk, actual direct loss of tangible personal property and actual reasonable expenses in searching for a replacement business or, if the eligibility requirements are met, a payment in lieu of such expenses.
- (b) Relocation assistance in locating a replacement business.
- (c) Moving costs of personal property from a dwelling and relocation assistance in locating a replacement dwelling, provided the acquisition of the real property used for the business causes a person to vacate a dwelling.
- (d) Replacement housing payments if the acquisition of the dwelling is found by FHWA to be necessary for the federally assisted junkyard control project.

[40 FR 8551, Feb. 28, 1975, as amended at 50 FR 34094, Aug. 23, 1985; 54 FR 47076, Nov. 9, 1989]

## § 751.23 Concurrent junkyard control and right-of-way projects.

The State is encouraged to coordinate junkyard control and highway right-of-way projects. Expenses incurred in furtherance of concurrent projects shall be prorated between projects.

### § 751.25 Programming and authoriza-

- (a) Junkyard control projects shall be programmed in accordance with the provisions of part 630, subpart A of this chapter. Such projects may include one or more junkyards.
- (b) Authorization to proceed with a junkyard control project may be given when the State submits a written request to FHWA which includes the following:

- (1) The zoning and validation of the legal status of each junkyard on the project;
- (2) The control measures proposed for each junkyard including, where applicable, information relative to permanent disposal sites to be acquired by the State:
- (3) The real property interest to be acquired in order to implement the control measures:
- (4) Plans or graphic displays indicating the location of the junkyard relative to the highway, the 1,000 foot control lines, property ownership boundaries, the general location of the junk or scrap material, and any buildings, structures, or improvement involved; and
- (5) Where screening is to be utilized, the type of screening, and adequately detailed plans and cross sections, or other adequate graphic displays which illustrate the relationship of the motorist, the screen, and the material to be screened at critical points of view.

 $[40~{\rm FR}~8551,~{\rm Feb}.~28,~1975,~{\rm as}$  amended at 41 FR 9321, Mar. 4, 1976]

# PART 752—LANDSCAPE AND ROADSIDE DEVELOPMENT

Sec.

752.1 Purpose.

752.2 Policy.

752.3 Definitions.

752.4 Landscape development.

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752.6 Scenic overlooks.

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752.8 Privately operated information centers and systems.

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752.11 Federal participation.

AUTHORITY: 23 U.S.C. 131, 315, 319; 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*; 49 CFR 1.48(b), unless otherwise noted.

Source: 43 FR 19390, May 5, 1978, unless otherwise noted.

### § 752.1 Purpose.

The purpose of this part is to furnish guidelines and prescribe policies regarding landscaping and scenic enhancement programs, safety rest areas, and scenic overlooks under 23 U.S.C. 319; information centers and systems